Fracture risks among patients with atrial fibrillation receiving different oral anticoagulants: a real-world nationwide cohort study

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CLINICAL RESEARCH Atrial fibrillation

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研究目的:

比較傳統口服抗凝血劑(warfarin)和新型口服抗凝血劑(NOAC),在心房顫動病患中,對於骨折 風險之影響。

研究方法與結果:

使用台灣全人口健保資料庫,納入 2012-2016 年新發生的心房顫動病患,依照使用口服抗凝

血劑的種類,分為 NOAC 和 warfarin 族群。NOAC 族群再依照使用之藥物分為 dabigatran,

rivaroxaban, apixaban 三個子族群。分析後發現與傳統的 warfarin 相比, NOAC 類新型藥物

有較低的骨折風險,校正後風險比例 hazard ratio (HR) = 0.84 (95% confidence interval = 0.77– 0.93; P< 0.001)。次族群分析中發現三種 NOACs (dabigatran, rivaroxaban, apixaban)相較於 warfarin,皆有較低的骨折風險。執行多種敏感性分析後,也皆得到相同的分析結果。

結論:

與傳統的 warfarin 相比,使用新型口服抗凝血劑 NOAC,在心房顫動病患,有較低的骨折風 險。因此若心房顫動經評估後需使用口服抗凝血劑治療,使用 NOAC 被認為能降低骨折風 險。然而,未來仍需要進一步研究,來探索背後的病生理及藥理機轉,並釐清因果關係是否 存在。

本研究刊登後, European Heart Journal 期刊特別針對此研究發現, 刊登 EDITORIAL 討論該議 題,詳見: https://doi.org/10.1093/eurhearti/ehaa077

ESC European Heart Journal (2020) 0, 1-3 European Society doi:10.1093/eurheartj/ehaa077 of Cardiology

EDITORIAL

Vitamin K antagonists and osteoporotic fractures: insights from comparisons with the NOACs

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This editorial refers to 'Fracture risks among patients with atrial fibrillation receiving different oral anticoagulants: a real-world nationwide cohort study', by H.-K. Huang et al., for the anticoagulant action of VKAs. doi:10.1093/eurheartj/ehz952.

namely prothrombin (factor II), factor (F) VII, IX, X; and the anticoagulant proteins C, S, and Z. Inhibition of FII, VII, IX and X accounts

In addition to being the cofactor of coagulation factors, vitamin K is also, however, the cofactor of other proteins discovered much later,

European Heart Journal 主编 Dr. Luscher 並於其發表的短文 Challenges in atrial fibrillation:

detection, alert systems, fibrosis, and infection 中, 描述我們團隊的研究發現

詳見: <u>https://doi.org/10.1093/eurheartj/ehaa153</u>

隨後因有讀者投書 European Heart Journal 的 DISCUSSION FORUM,針對髖骨骨折的分析結果 及相關研究做討論。我們團隊亦被邀請加入討論,並根據目前現有證據,進一步針對髖骨骨 折執行統合分析,並將統合分析結果以短文 DISCUSSION FORUM 的方式,再刊登於 European Heart Journal。

詳見: https://doi.org/10.1093/eurheartj/ehaa361

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DISCUSSION FORUM

Hip fracture risk in patients with atrial fibrillation receiving oral anticoagulants: a meta-analysis based on current observational studies

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